

**Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

**Listing of Claims:**

1-3 (CANCELLED)

4. (Currently Amended) An electrical connector element having a plurality of insulation displacement contacts and a plurality of electrical contacts, the insulation displacement contacts and the electrical contacts being interconnected by electrical conductors, it being possible for the connector element to be received in a mounting structure of a connector body of an electrical connector such that the insulation displacement contacts displace the electrical insulation of insulated wires received by the connector body so as to establish an electrical connection between electrical conductors of the wires and the insulation displacement contacts, the connector element comprising an insulating substrate from which said insulation displacement contacts and said electrical contacts are formed, ~~being formed by a laminar, insulating substrate which carries said insulation displacement contacts.~~

5. (Previously Presented) An electrical connector having a connector body having a first part which has a cable receiving part for receiving an end part of an electrical cable such that the cable extends away from the first part, at a first side thereof, in a direction transverse to the first part, and insulated wires of the cable are received by the first part, said first part having, at a location spaced apart from the cable receiving part, a mounting structure which receives a first end part of a connector element as claimed in claim 4 such that the insulation displacement contacts of the connector element receive and make electrical contact with said wires, said connector element having, at a second end part opposite said first end part, electrical contacts for making electrical connection to electrical contact members of a mating connector device, said connector element extending from said first part of the connector at said first side thereof so as to be generally parallel to said transverse direction.

6. (Previously Presented) The electrical connector as claimed in claim 5 for mating assembly to a said connector device in the form of a connector module having openings for receiving said electrical contacts, said electrical connector, when assembled to the connector module, being arranged with said side of the first part, which is adjacent to and extends transversely over part of the module, adjacent to said openings, and with the connector element extending therefrom into the module so that said electrical contacts of the connector engage with the contact members of the module, and with said cable receiving part positioned for receiving the cable such that it extends away from the first part adjacent to a side of the module.

7-14 (CANCELLED)

15. (New) An electrical connector element comprising:  
an insulating substrate having first and second opposed edges;  
a plurality of insulation displacement contacts formed at the first edge;  
a plurality of electrical contacts formed at the second edge;  
a plurality of electrical conductors formed on the insulating substrate, the  
electrical conductors interconnecting the insulation displacement contacts  
and the electrical contacts;  
wherein the connector element is configured to be received in a mounting  
structure of a connector body of an electrical connector;  
wherein the insulation displacement contacts are configured to displace electrical  
insulation of insulated wires to establish an electrical connection between  
electrical conductors of the insulated wires and the insulation  
displacement contacts.

16. (New) The electrical connector element of claim 15, wherein the insulating substrate is formed as a laminar insulative substrate.

17. (New) The electrical connector element of claim 15, wherein the plurality of insulation displacement contacts comprise outwardly open slots at least partially defined by opposed portions of the substrate.

18. (New) The electrical connector element of claim 17, wherein the slots include outwardly tapered entry portions.
19. (New) The electrical connector element of claim 17, wherein the plurality of electrical contacts formed on the substrate are located on a plurality of prongs.
20. (New) The electrical connector element of claim 19, wherein the electrical conductors formed on the insulating substrate form circuit tracks, each circuit track interconnecting one of the electrical contacts formed on the substrate to one of the insulation displacement contacts.
21. (New) The electrical connector element of claim 19, wherein two electrical contacts are formed on each of the plurality of prongs.
22. (New) The electrical connector element of claim 19, wherein at least two of the circuit tracks cross on opposed sides of the substrate.
23. (New) An electrical connector element comprising:  
an insulating substrate having first and second opposed edges and first and second opposed sides;  
a plurality of insulation displacement contacts formed at the first edge;  
a plurality of electrical contacts formed at the second edge;  
a plurality of circuit tracks formed on the insulating substrate, each of the circuit tracks interconnecting one of the insulation displacement contacts to one of the electrical contacts;  
wherein the connector element is configured to be received in a mounting structure of a connector body of an electrical connector;  
wherein the insulation displacement contacts are configured to displace electrical insulation of insulated wires to establish an electrical connection between electrical conductors of the insulated wires and the insulation displacement contacts.

24. (New) The electrical connector element of claim 23, wherein at least a first of the plurality of circuit tracks at least partially resides on the first opposed side.

25. (New) The electrical connector element of claim 24, wherein at least a second of the plurality of circuit tracks at least partially resides on the second opposed side.

26. (New) The electrical connector element of claim 25, wherein the first and second circuit tracks cross on opposed sides of the substrate.